Short Communication: Anatomical Variations of Vertebral Artery

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Abstract

Introduction: Vertebral arteries arise from the root of the neck as the first branches from the superior-posterior aspect of the subclavian arteries. They ascend the neck to enter the cranial cavity and supply blood to the brain. The 2 vertebral arteries are usually unequal in size; the left one is usually larger than the right one [2]. This information is important for endovascular or cardiothoracic operations in the head and neck region. This has become more important in the era of carotid artery stents, vertebral artery stents, and new therapeutic options for intracranial interventions [3].

Methods: A total of 20 cadavers (in 10 years) were dissected for the study of variations in the origin of the vertebral artery. This study was conducted in Isfahan University of Medical Sciences.

Results: In 19 cadavers, left vertebral artery originated from the first part of the subclavian artery. But, in one cadaver, left vertebral artery originated from the aortic arch between the left common carotid and subclavian artery.

Conclusion: The anatomic and morphologic variations of the vertebral artery are significant for diagnostic and surgical procedures in the head and neck region.
2. Materials and Methods

A total of 20 cadavers (in 10 years) were dissected for the study of variations in the origin of the vertebral artery. This study was conducted in Isfahan University of Medical Sciences. Deep dissection was done in the head and neck region to expose the vertebral arteries in the scaleno-vertebral triangle on both the right and the left sides. Thus, a total of 40 vertebral arteries were exposed.

3. Results

In 20 cadavers, right vertebral arteries originated in the root of the neck as the first branches from the subclavian arteries. In 19 cadavers, left vertebral artery originated from the first part of the subclavian artery. While in one cadaver, left vertebral artery originated from the aortic arch between the left common carotid and subclavian artery and then was divided in 2 branches (Figure 1).

4. Discussion

The anatomic and morphologic variations of the vertebral artery are significant for diagnostic and surgical procedures in the head and neck region. It is of clinical importance to know the origin, course, and variations of prevertebral segment of the vertebral artery in detail to prevent surgical complications.

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Conflict of Interests

The authors declared no conflict of interests.

References

